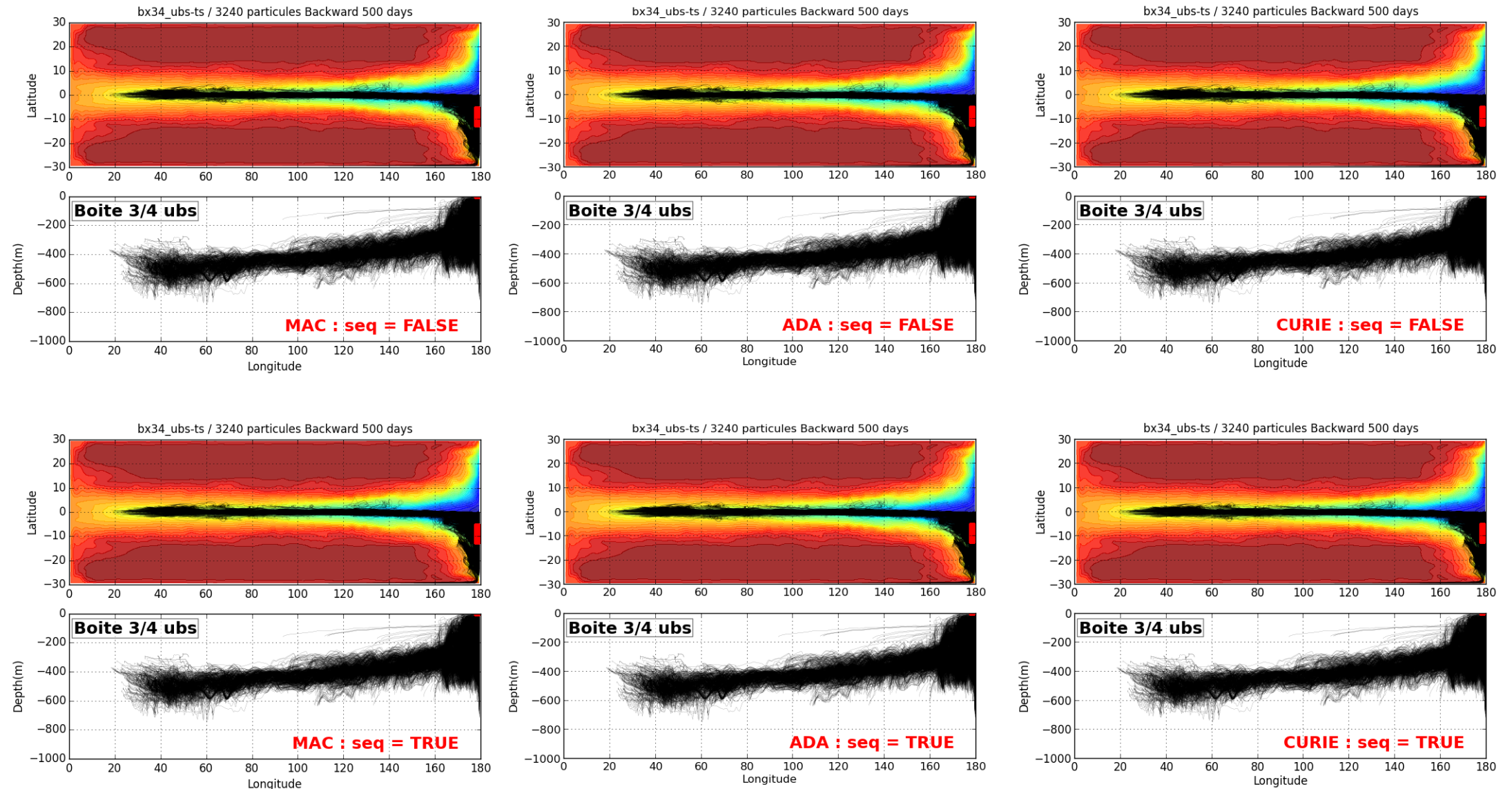
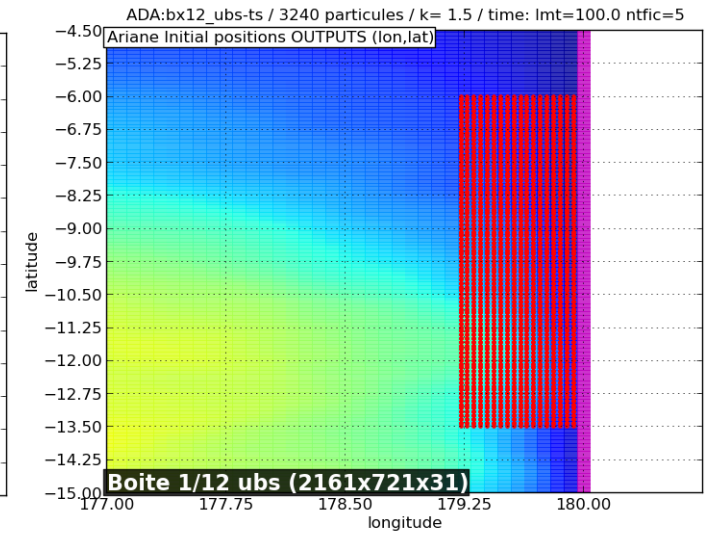
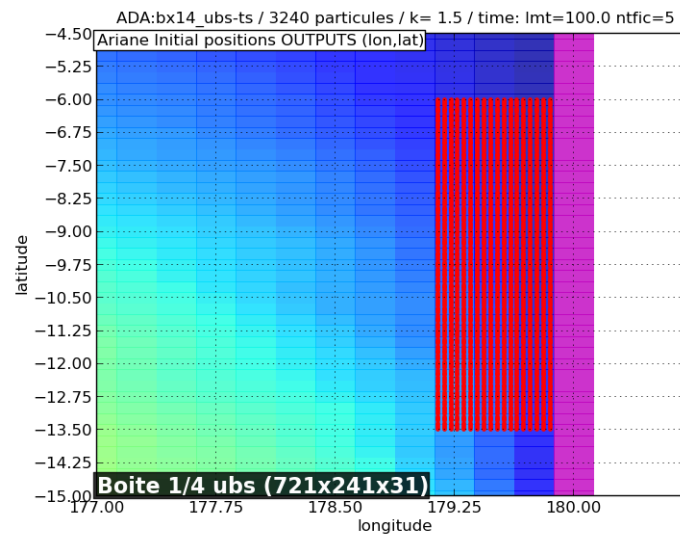
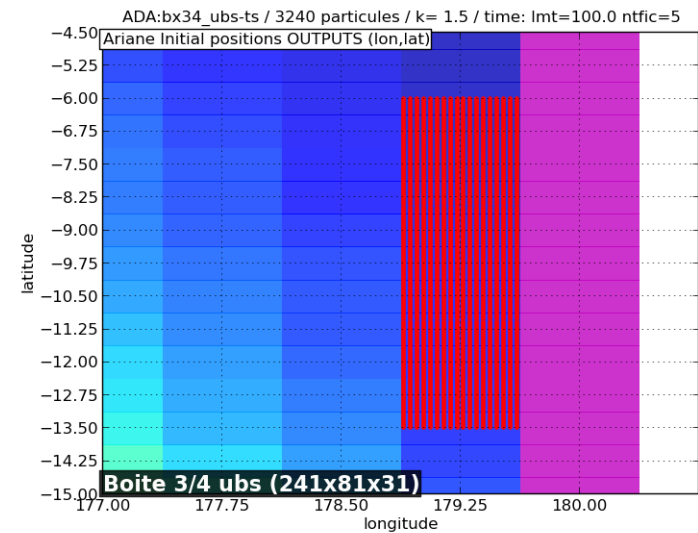
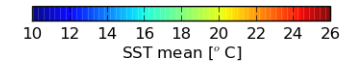
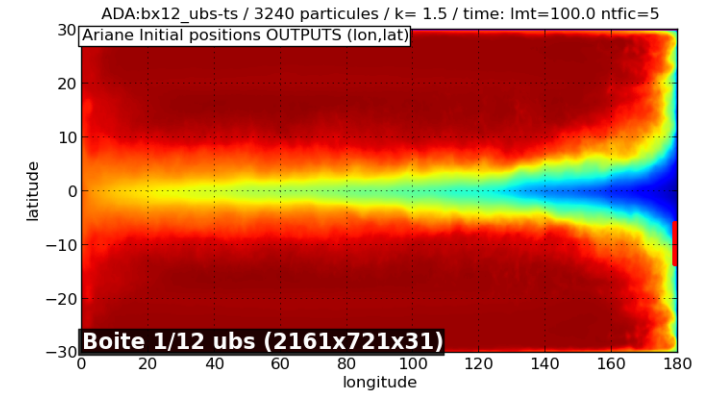
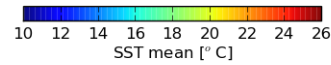
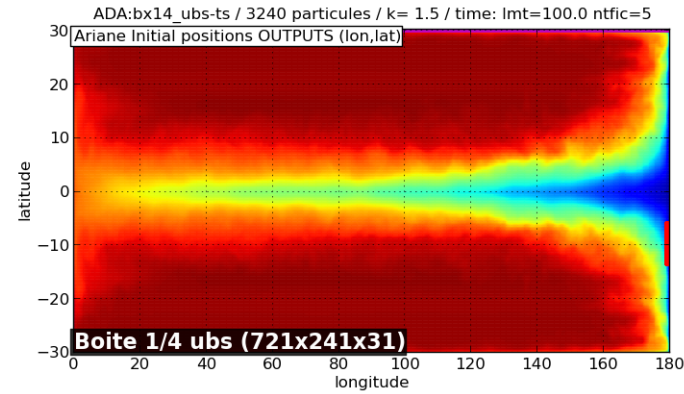
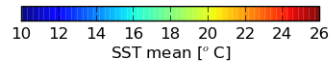
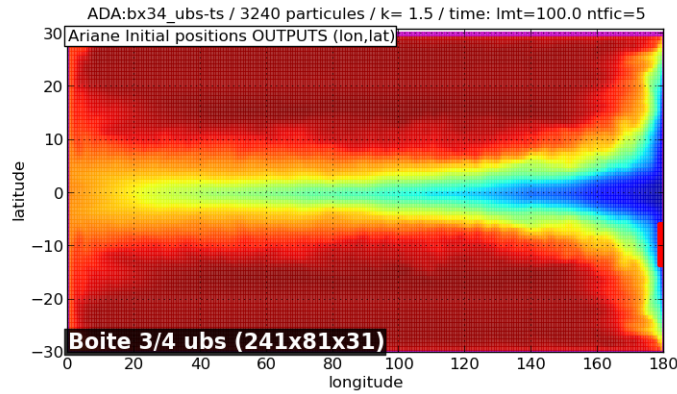


Attention!! Traceurs différents si sequential = TRUE ou FALSE

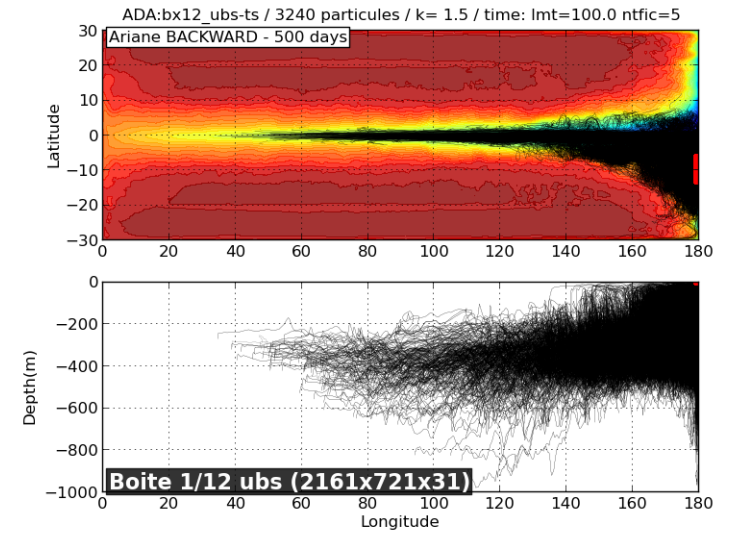
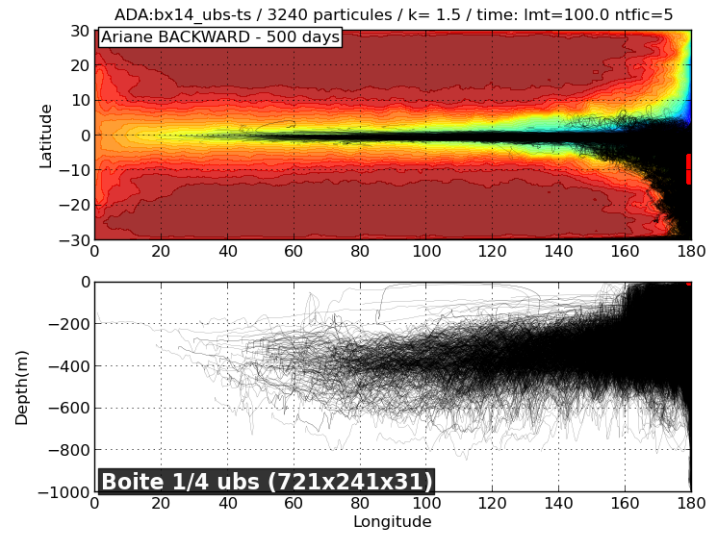
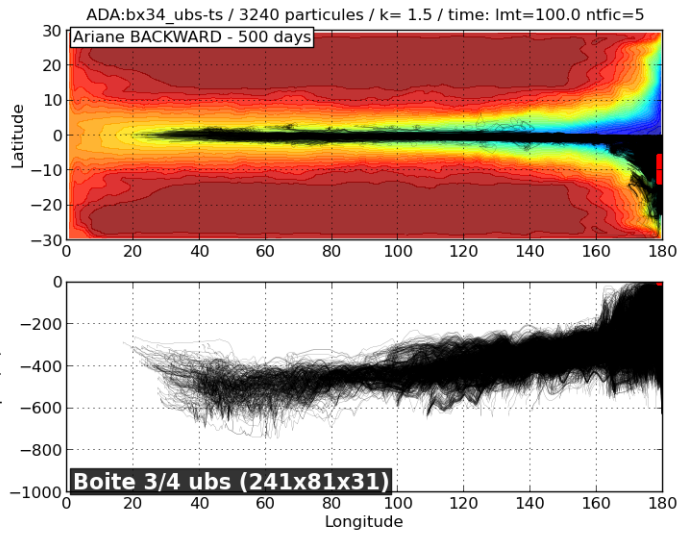


# Ariane boîte équatoriale OLD: Initial Positions

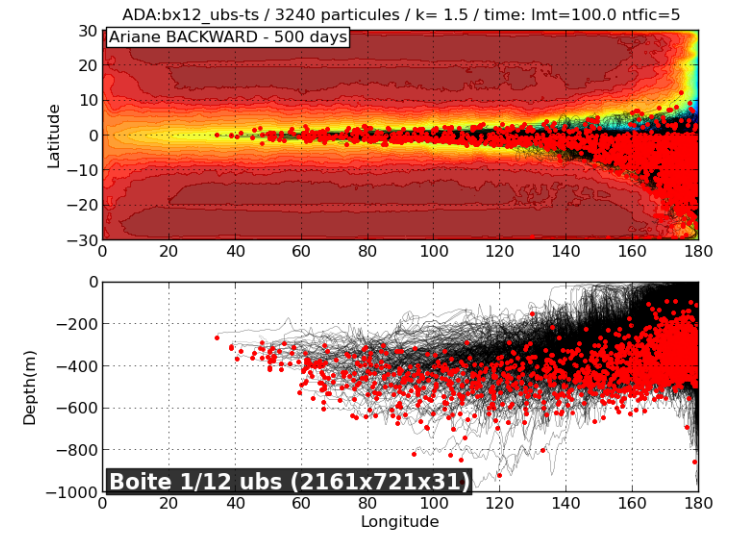
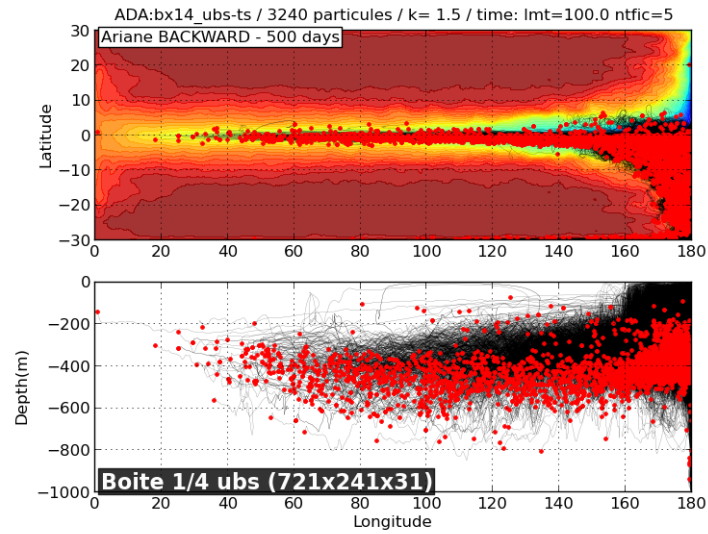
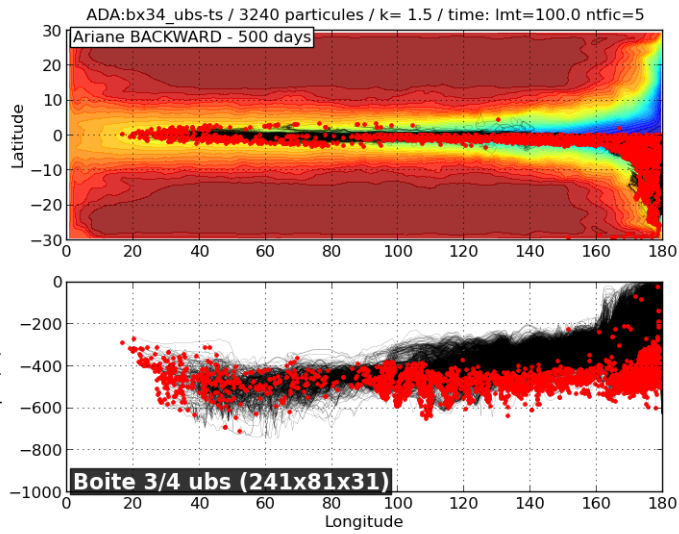


- Les particules ne sont pas situées exactement au même endroit.
- Avec la résolution, on voit la zone d'upwelling se resserrer

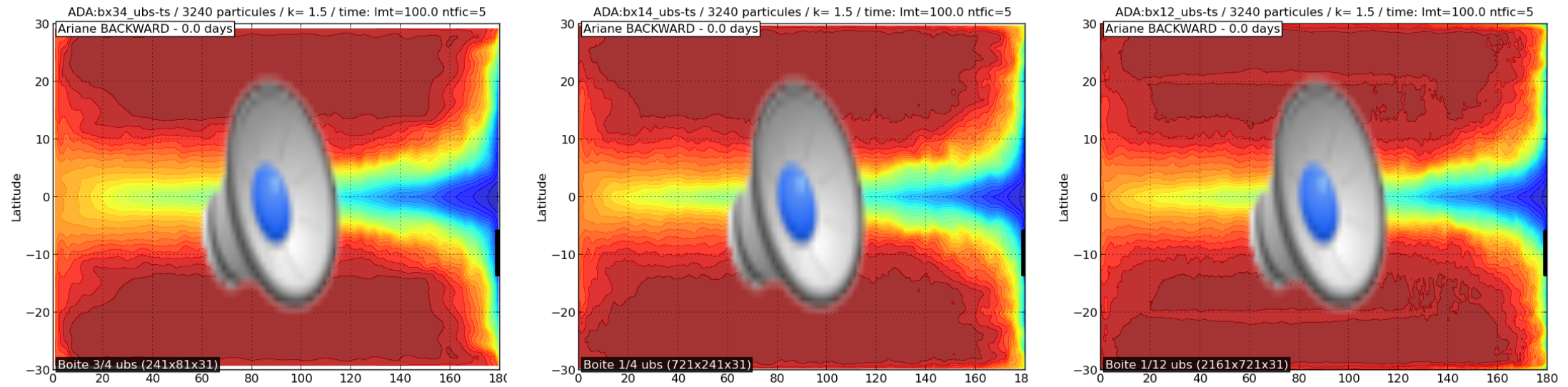
# Ariane boîte équatoriale OLD: BACKWARD - 500 days



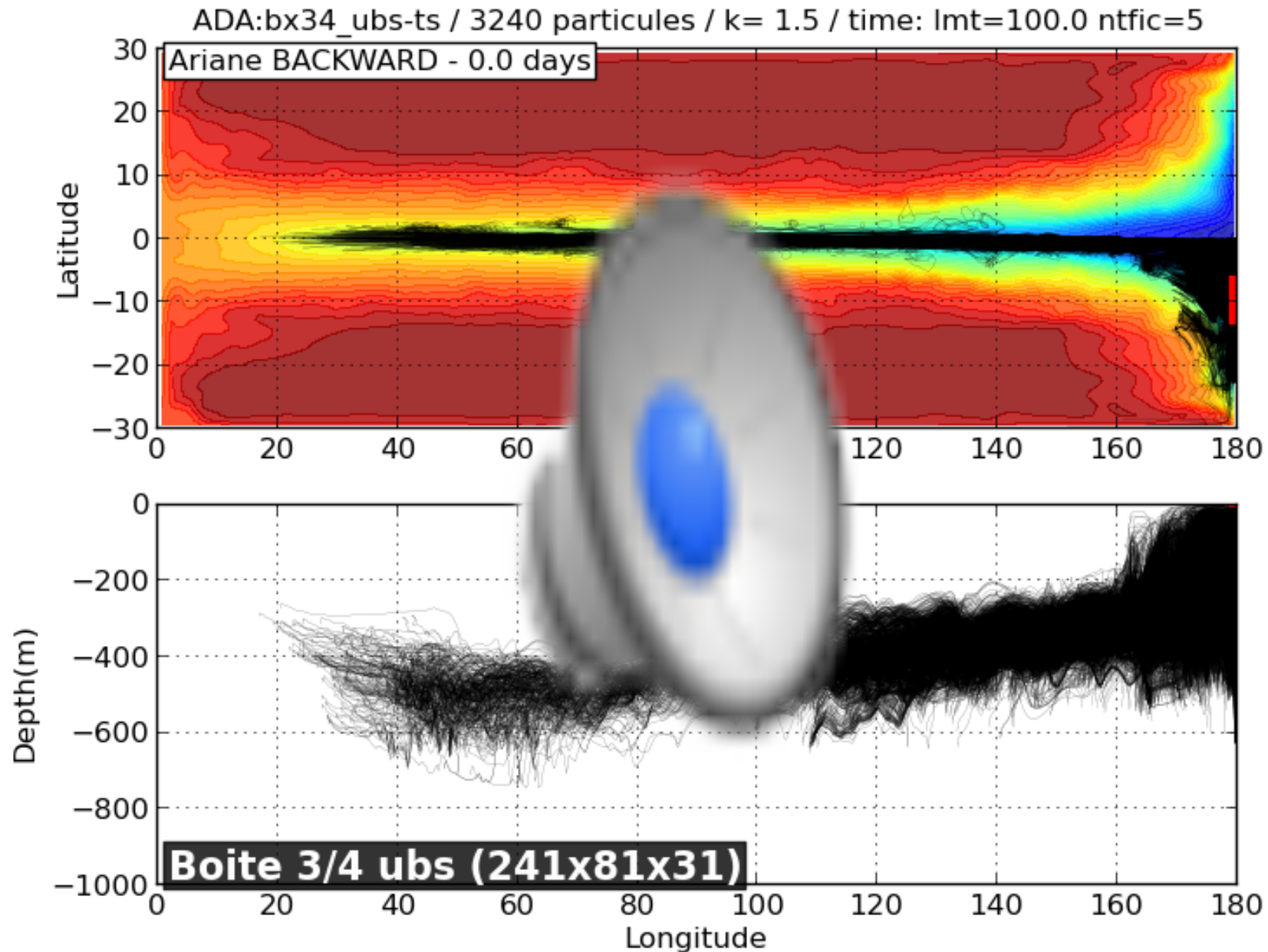
# Ariane boîte équatoriale OLD: BACKWARD - 500 days



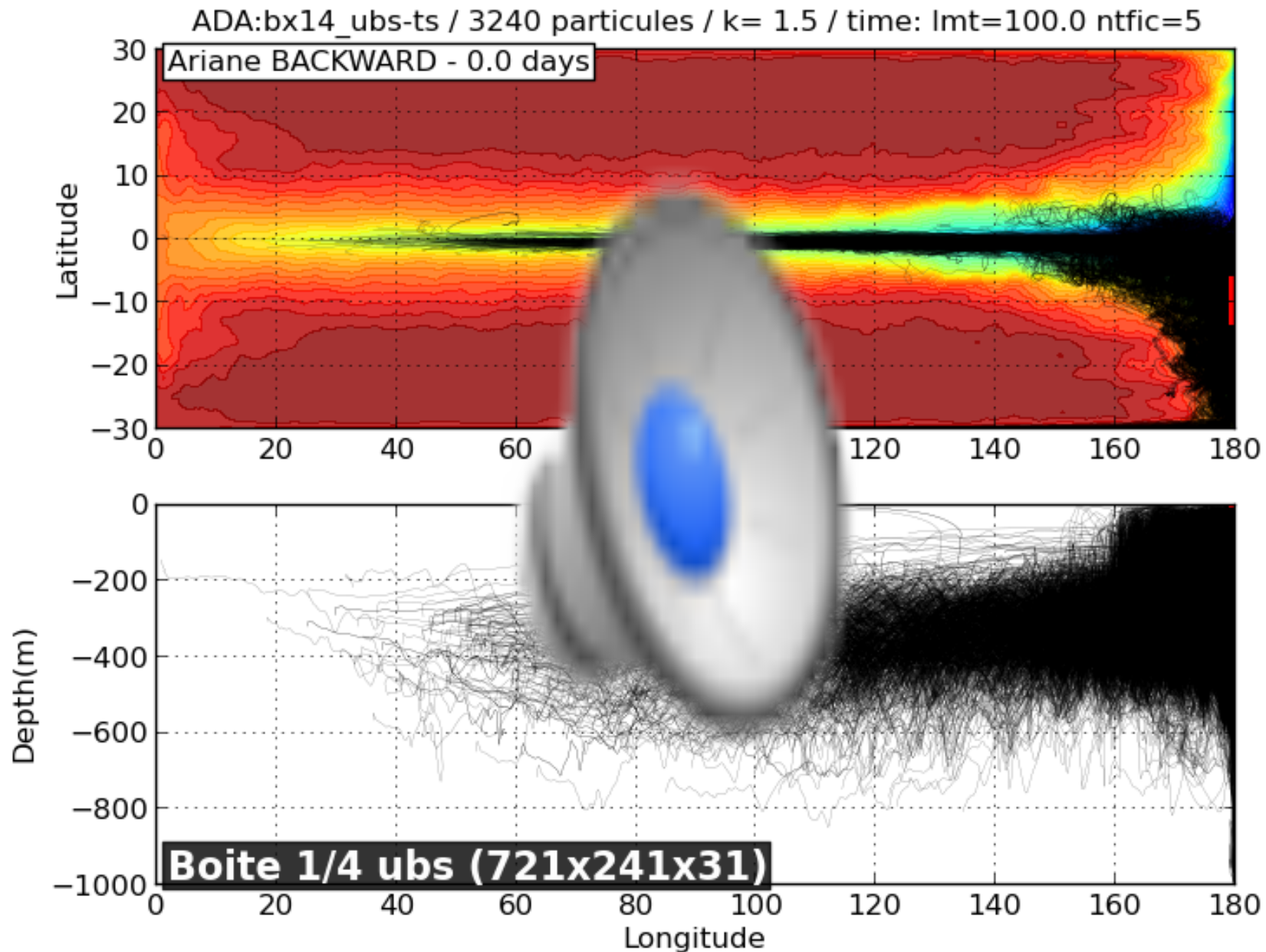
# Ariane boite équatoriale OLD: BACKWARD - 500 days



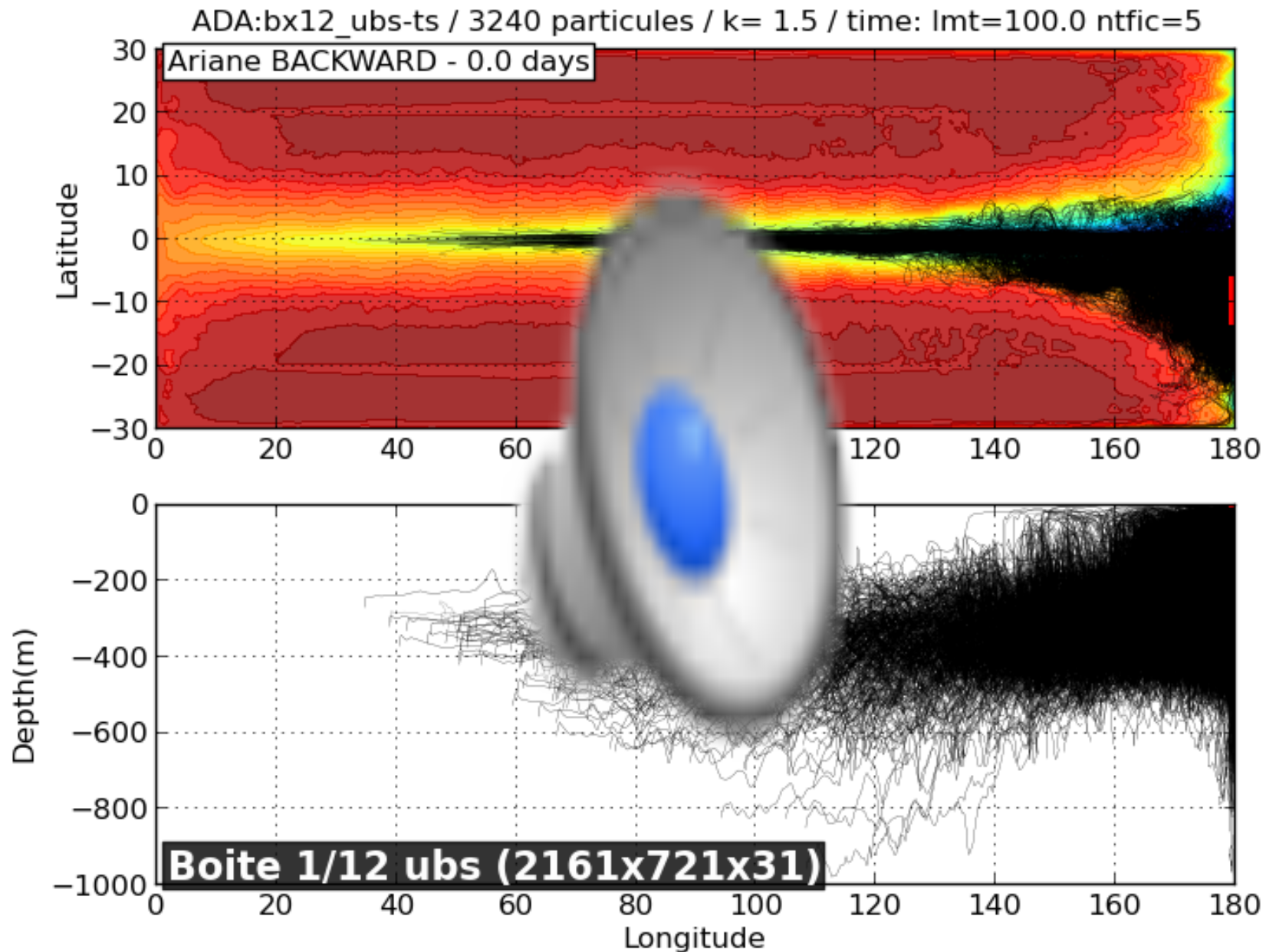
# Ariane boîte équatoriale OLD: BACKWARD - 500 days



# Ariane boîte équatoriale OLD: BACKWARD - 500 days



# Ariane boîte équatoriale OLD: BACKWARD - 500 days



Refaire les simus avec

- des boites aux bords identiques (position des particules initiales exactement au même endroit)
- Simus plus longues sans le spinup
- Beaucoup plus de particules

Discussion 1: Densité des particules en 3D puis plotter tout ce qu'on veut.  
(Le quantitatif fait la même chose mais on y perd le trajet)

Discussion 2: Caractériser la pompe.  $W_{max}$ ? Caractériser aussi la surface et la profondeur.

Intéressant de refaire les simus peru12 pour

- Différence qualitative bdy\_soda2/bdy\_trop12